A Paper Defending the *Interests of the Workers and Farmers

VOL. 3, No. 6.

NEW YORK, N. Y., APRIL 15, 1934.

CWA WORKERS IN The Great Betrayal I.C.O. WINS LITH.

Over four houndred delegates from CWA and unemployed organizations met at five o'clock in the morning of Saturday, March 24, at the Penna. station to go to Washington to protest against the demobilization of the CWA, involving the lay-offs of millions of workers and the introduction of a nation-wide system for the pauperization of the American working class.

Among the delegates were black

wide system for the pauperization of the American working class.

Among the delegates were black and white workers, laborers and professionals, youths and adults.

When the delegation arrived in Washington they were met by delegations from Baltimore, Camden, Reading and Washington, increasing the number of the original delegation to almost 1,000. A committee, consisting of representatives of the various organizations participating in the united-front demonstration, was elected to go to the President and to Harry L. Hopkins, federal administrator. The committee was joined by Norman Thomas and Rabbi Goldstein, Neither of them represented any organization but joined the committee to support its demands, as individuals. Special committees were also sent to the House and Senate.

Throughout our stay in Wesh.

Senate.

Throughout our stay in Washington, nature favored us with snow, rain, hail, wind and glazed streets. Undismayed by the adverse weather the delegation marched through the most Washingtonian streets and avenues of Washington.

Washington.

Through numerous placards and the voices of hundreds of marchers the demands of the delegation were broadcast. Official Washington saw and heard the demands of the unsupplyed and CWA workers: "We Want Work!", "We Demand Unemployment Insurance", "CWA Must Go On", "Equality For All—Negro and White."

Passing in front of the Wash

Must Go On", "Equality For All—Negro and White."

Passing in front of the Washington Auditorium the marchers halted temporarily and were addressed by Hopkins of the Emergency Workers in Adult Education and Ed Welsh of Workers Unemployed Union. On their way back to Union Station the marchers stopped at a Workmen's Circle Branch headquarters which had provided for them sandwiches, coffee and fruits. And at five in the evening after all the delegates had gathered at the station the journey back to New York City started. It is to be recorded that the national exponent of the "forgotten man" refused to see the delegation's committee. It is to be recorded that the President of the "Individual CWA workers. The misery, the starvation, the insecurity of millions of workers is not the concern of the "man of the people."

Not even the secretary to the President could be seen. He, too,

(AN EDITORIAL)

It has been a long time since American Labor the one inflicted upon the auto workers by Green and Roosevelt.

Some polite Socialists can try to speak of the terms imposed upon the automobile workers by the New Dealers as merely a setback. Reactionary misleaders of labor like Green, who have for years worked overtime to undermine the workers hopes, may say the terms afford the trade union worwemen ("hope". But facts and actions, especially when painful, speak much louder than pretty pretenses and false promises.

false promises.

The facts are: The automobile unions are not recognized. The automobile unions are to turn over their membership lists to government spokesmen and agents, who, in consultation with the employers, will pass judgement upon them as to whether their is a numerical basis for these workers being given recognition in the plant by the plant authoristies. Leaders selected by the auto workers in the industry as a whole are, under no circumstances, to be eligible to represent the workers. The isolated plant organization and paltry resources of the workers in the individual factory are to be pitted against the concentrated might of the giant automobile organizations. To cap it all, an arbitration board, with teeth in its mandate, is to be the final arbitrator of disputes.

Symbolic of the hypocritical character of the New Deal noise about friendship for labor is the appointment of Nicholas Kelley to this Board as repointment of Nicholas Kelley to this Board as representative of the employers. Perhaps our fishing Mr. Kelley, Labor really has a friend because he is counsel for the Chrysler Motor Corporation as well as an outstanding member of the League for Industrial Democracy at the same time!

"A great piece of work," is the New York Times estimate of the settlement! "A vindication of our principles", boast the spokesmen of the open shop auto industry! This is certainly correct and General Motors here adds merely another bit of imposing evidence confirming the charge that it is the most favored corporation in the New Deal family.

Picturesque and most accurate is the characterization of the settlement in the automobile industry as "the Versailles treaty of the labor war."

We brand the conduct of the A. F. of L. mis-leaders in Washington throughout these negotia-tions as totally anti-working class. It marks a major defeat for American labor in its struggle against the spreading plague of company unionism. It validates the company union as an instrument of collective bargaining and baptizes the employers' "unions" as fitting agencies, as legitimate spokes-

men for workers. But this is not all. It is not only the automobile workers who have been hit below the belt by their official leaders. The terms of this ghastly betrayal are to serve as a precedent for other industries. Already this has been felt in the taxi-strike recently broken in New York. Senator Wagner has rushed to amend his so-called pro-labor law, which at best was a menace to the most fundamental interests of the workers, with new provisions based on the automobile settlement.

men for workers. But this is not all. It is not only the automobile workers who have been hit below the automobile workers who have been hit below the helt by their official leaders. The terms of this ghasily betrayal are to serve as a precedent for industries. Already this has been felt in the fundamental interests of the work York. Senator Isw, which at best was a menace to the most fundamental interests of the workers, with new provisions based on the automobile settlement.

The great betrayal is the most appropriate evaluation of the behavior and policies of the A. F. of L. and the provision is the fundamental interests of the workers in the automobile controversy. These heavy industries of the country. The Executive Council of the A.F. of L. understands that the trade union movement is not secure until such that the trade union movement is not secure until such that the trade union movement is not secure until such that the automobile, steel, oil, etc. Here was a moment in which the automobile workers, by the thousands, flocked to the basic industries of the thousands, flocked to the basic industries of the thousands, flocked to the basic of the country. The trade union organization. But this opportunity for trade union pranization. But this opportunity of the trade union leaders placed inside of a leader casket and threw it overboard.

No doubt, the automobile "settlement" will got the trade union leaders placed inside of a leader casket and threw it overboard.

No doubt, the automobile "settlement" will got that the union server with the province of the Communist Opposition with that of the C.P. U.S.A. (Opposition) and adjustive out of some of the recent concessions they have been able to wring out of their masters. The industry that the fundamental trade union have the case of the country of the communist opposition with that of the control of the country of the country

Let every union in the A. F. of L. raise its voice in no unclear terms against this black betrayal. More than this, every trade union in the country should draw the lessons from this defeat of the automobile workers and pledge itself to reform the lines of battle for labor, to back to the limit a national well-planned militant drive for the war on company unionism in the automobile industry and throughout the other industries. It is not yet too late to undo the frightful damage of Green's "services". Company unionism can and must be defeated by organized labor itself, otherwise organized labor will be doomed and the road to fascism will be prepared at neck-breaking speed in this country.

AFFILIATION

Comrade Pruseika reported for the National Committee of the Lithuanian Workers Society on the work and problems of the organization. Earnest discussion followed on the part of the delegates in which steps were considered for the strengthening of the organization. The importance of drawing in the Youth and educating them along the lines of the class struggle was stressed.

The National Committee of the

gle was stressed.

The National Committee of the C.P.U.S.A. (Opposition) greets this significant step on the part of the Lithuanian Workers Society and calls upon all its units and members to cooperate closely with the Lithuanian Opposition branches and members, in the various cities to the end that a more effective and united struggle for Communist unity be waged.

Progressives Victorious in Local 22 - ILGWU

was registered in the elections in that Local held on Thursday March 22. All cf the candidates of the Dessmakers Progresidates board for convention delegates, were cutive board for business agents and the cutive board for business agents and for convention delegates, were cutive board for business agents and the difference of large majorities and all Group were defeated by a big it. The progressive candidates of the Left margin.

The progressive candidate for manager, Charles Candidate for the March Stamper, the Left Group 27% of the vote. Zimmerman fews relected by 2599, or about 27% of the vote. Zimmerman alias ran against Stamper, the Left Group 27% of the vote. Zimmerman manager of Local 22, is. Charles Stamper and for convention delegates, were cast at the twelve polling stations set up in the elections. Owing to the progressive candidate for manager, Charles S. Zimmerman fews presence of large numbers of the specific provided because of the vote of the vote and didate, received 2599, or about majority amounted to 4238. The previous year, when Zimmerman fews a seconsiderable number of ballots had to be voided because of mistakes in making them out.

As soon as the results became of the progressive administration of Dressmakers Union of Dressmak lons of workers is not the concern of the "man of the people."

Not even the secretary to the President could be seen. He, too margin.

The progressive candidate for was busy or indisposed. And it is the committee that the assistant was only after president, Margin.

The progressive candidate for was reelected by a vote totalling distribution that the trip. The progressive candidate for the trip that the trip to being informed achieved president, Margin and previous year, when Vimmerman's pennies, nickels and dimes collected from workers on CWA projects, President, Margin and the vote of the committee achieved on Page 2

Sutherland Bates "An American Hitler" (Continued on Page 2)

The each candidates of the Left (126 names were listed, of whom 70 had to be chosen) and to the chosen) and to the chosen and in the great masses of the dress-makers in the Union and in its stand us in good stead when we was relected by a vote totalling data to be voided because making them out. As scon as the results became from workers on CWA projects, President, Marrier an election and the stand us in good stead when we stand us in great considerable understand to the committee and users in the Union and it is the proposed to the users and u

EDITOR'S NOTES

We acknowledge receipt of a pamphlet entitled "An Appeal to the Membership of the Socialist Party" issued by The Revolutionary Policy Committee. In the forthcoming issue of Worker Age Jay Lovestone will analyze this document.

The Group at Work

by D. Benjamin

The Unemployed Conference of the N. Y. District of the C.P.O.

45 comrades representing all fractions engaged in work in the Unemployed and Relief fields in N. Y. City met this month in a conference called by the N. Y. District Committee. The reports and discussions centered mainly around the problems of work in connection with the Workers Unemployed Union (an amalgamated organization consisting of the former Workers Committee on Unemployment, Association of Unemployed, and Workers Unemployed League) and the various white-collar emergency work and unemployed organizations. The essential task, it was decided was to preserve the non-partisan character of the organizations, and thus lay the basis for a broad movement.

decided was to preserve the party partian character of the organizations, and thus lay the basis for a broad movement.

The N. Y. Membership Meeting. On Wednesday, March 28 Comrade Lovestone reported at a general membership meeting on "Recent Developments in the International and American Labor and Communist Movement and the Tasks of the Communist Opposition." The report covered developments in the Tasks of the Communist Opposition. The report covered developments in the American Socialist Party, the program of the American Workers Party, and immediate problems of the Communist Party Opposition, especially on the matter of building the organization and spreading the Workers Age. Comrade Lovestone emphasized that the Austrian events again proved the complete bankruptcy of the COP of Austria was to establia contact with the members of Social-Democracy, and showed that nothing could be hoped for from a party combining both left moving workers and those according to the COP of Austria was to establia contact with the members of the COP of Austria was to establia contact with the members of the COP of Austria was to establia contact with the members of the COP of Austria was to establia contact with the members of the COP of Austria was to establia contact with the members of the COP of Austria was to establia contact with the members of the COP of Austria was to establia contact with the members of the COP of Austria was to establia contact with the members of the COP of Austria was to establia contact with the members of the COP of Austria was to establia contact with the members of the COP of Austria was to establia contact with the members of the COP of Austria was to establia contact with the members of the COP of Austria was to establia contact with the members of the COP of Austria was to establia contact with the members of the COP of Austria was to establia contact with the members of the COP of Austria was to establia contact with the members of the COP of Austria was to establia contact with the members o

the Workers Age wants joined the CPO.

Unemployed Work in N. Y. City Members of the CPO have been active in recent developments on this field. Full support was given to the mass delegation sent to Washington, D. C. by the Workers Unemployed Union, the AOPEE, and other organizations. The CPO donated \$10 and used its influence to get other organizations to give similar support. Collections were made at unit meetings for the purpose. Many members of the CPO were in the delegation that protested against discontinuation of CWA projects and the cutting of wages. The sending of the mass delegation to Washington was followed by a mass meeting in N. Y. C. On Easter Sunday a parade took place on 5th Avenue, in which the unemployed and civil works employees demonstrated for continuation of jobs. Many CPO members participated in the demonstration.

The Hartford Group at Work
The Hartford Unit has cooperated with the International Relief Association in the latter's campaign for rel'ef for the victims of Fascism in Germany and Austria. The I.R.A., it has been reported, is organizing a local committee of trade unionists, professors, ministers, for the carrying on of such a campaign. A banquet is being planned for the near future to raise money for Fascist victims.

Again, the Friends of the Soviet Union has shown its partisan and sectarian character by denying a sectarian character by denying a CPO member the right to join the organization.

Work in the Unemployed field continues to be one of the main fields of activity of members of the CPO. The Unemployed Counciles.

was very well attended, 60 to 75 cils play a very small role in the attending regularly A great deal of interest was aroused in the position and work of the CPO, with the result that 15 members of the class became subscribers to the Workers Age while several joined the CPO.

the CWA jobs.

Ft. Wayne Reports Progress
Our Ft. Wayne Organization has
established a Youth branch. It is
up to the CPO branches in other
parts of the country to get on the
job and follow Ft. Wayne's splendid example. Chicago and Detroit
should take note.

Our Ft. Wayne comrades have
made progress in another important way. An earnest beginning,
has been made in trade union work.
Connections have been established
with workers in several unions in
the city. This marks the tackling
of our Ft. Wayne organization to
date.

The work on the Unraplement

of our results of date.

The work on the Unemployed Field continues, especially among the single men.

News From Philadelphia
A class in Fundamentals of Communism has just been established in Philadelphia with Comrade Lane is also giving a class in Principles of Trade Unionism in one of the important local unions of the city.
A public meeting under the auspices of the CPO has been scheduled with Comrade Bail as the speaker on the subject "Communism and the Trade Union Movement."

C.W.A. DELEGATION IN WASHINGTON PROTEST

Extension of CPO Work
The N. Y. District Committees as worked out plans for the stablishment of two forums in the tronx and Brownsville. each to the tronx and Brownsville. each to his way it is loosed to bring the seasage of the CPO to workers in hose important sections of the try. to build the Bronx branch of the CPO, and to establish a branch a Brownsville.

For the past two months a group of workers and intellectuals in innviside. Long Island, interested marked a class in mark to classify and communist Movements, conducted seless in Marxima Leoniums and the classification. Had this been done the nature of the publicity given in the same and the Revolutionary Workers and instructors submitted to the group. Bertran D. Worker can be submitted to the group Bertran D. Worker checked, was chosen. The course school, was chosen. The course of workers. Their demands, the delegations of workers. No cannot be commended to the first of workers. No conducted of the New Workers were the voices of millions of workers. No cannot be commended to the first through the committees sent to the Sentation that the submittees sent to the Sentation that the Mose and to the House did not fare any better. All New York Represented no the Mose years were the voice to Norman Thomas represented no organization. He came to add his voice to What was unfortunate was that falled to obtain trade union represented no organization. He came to add his voice to What was unfortunate was that falled to obtain trade union represented no organization. He came to add his voice to What was unfortunate was that falled to obtain trade union represented no organization. He came to add his voice to What was unfortunate was that falled to obtain trade union represented no organization. He came to add his voice to what was unfortunate was that falled to obtain trade union represented no organization. He came to add his voice to what was unfortunate was that all the came to add his voice to what all the came to add his voice to the deferation. He came to add h

gation. No one expected to be received by the hostess of the White House in the Blue, Red or any other room. But Roosevett knows, Washington knows and the whole nation knows that the American working class will not permit itself to be pauperized, that it will fight for its right to live and to live as decent human beings.

The following organizations participated:

Association of Civil Wester II

Association of Civil Works Employees, Associated Office & Professional Emergency Employees, Emergency Workers in Adult Education, Tenement House CWA Employees, Workers Unemployed Union of N. Y., Unemployed Union of Reading, Pa., Citizens Unemployed League of Westchester County, Peoples Unemployed League of Baltimore.

A DELEGATE

DELICIOUS FOOD? GOOD SERVICE? Tield's RESTAURANT 523 Sixth Avenue

Statement of a Pioneer

The father of the 12 year old for private the viles of capitalism, the strikes and struggers of the Communist Party Opposition and one of the most active workers in the Joint Council of the International Fur Workers Union. The letter needs in ocomment, it speaks for itself.

—Editor

I am a member of the Morris Langer troop of the International Workers Order and am participating in all the work of my troop. We often discuss questions relating to the working class.

Last week my leader asked me what I would do if my father were to become a scab or a scab agent. I answered that I would try to convince him how bad it is to be a scab. I was puzzled why this question came up now and why I was asked to answer this question. But my leader walked me home one night and told me that my father was a scab agent and that he had received instructions to arrange a demonstration against my father was a scab agent and that he had received instructions to arrange a demonstration against my father was a scab agent and that he had received instructions to arrange a demonstration against my father was a scab agent and that he had received instructions to arrange a demonstration against my father was a scab agent and that he had received instructions to arrange a demonstration against my father was a scab agent and that he had received instructions to arrange a demonstration against my father succeeded in explaining to the work of my roop.

Children have a dealer and that he had received instructions to arrange a demonstration against my father was a scab agent and that he had received instructions to arrange a demonstration against my father succeeded in explaining to the work of my roop.

Children have an obligation to their parents. I especially owe a lot to my parents who always try to educate me and bring me up in a protestant spirit. Anyone who tries to make me take a stand against my parents is neither helping me nor the movement. I there (Continued on page 3)

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The Economic Fallacies of the N. R. A.

We conclude in this issue the second article by Jay Lovestone, in the series "The Economics of the Roosevelt Program." In the next issue will appear the concluding article on "Perspectives of the New Ordeal."—Editor.

of the New Ordeal."—Editor.

(Continued from previous issue)

Reasons for Present Monetary Pol.cy

What are the reasons for the present monetary policy of the Roosevett Administration? There is no doub, the American capitalist class has plenty of gold and is even rapidly getting back a good deal of the gold it had lost a couple of years ago. Besides, there is more money in circulation today than there was in the dizziest days of the New Era of Hoover. No shortage of gold or money plagues the country and, therefore, this cannot be the source of the Roosevelt monetary program. The reasons for the Roosevelt currency program must be looked for eisewhere. The farmers have suffered acusely from the disparity of prices between industrial and agricultural products. This disparity was still more aggravated by the very price-raising efforts of the Administration last summer. Hence, serious discontent engulfed the rural areas. Soon, the dollar devaluation drive was launched. This, however, will not overcome the disparity of prices, though it may bring a momentary and superficial price increase for agricultural commodities. Mere manipuation of currency flow doesn't at all touch, let alone fundamentally change, the basic relationship between agriculture and industry under capitalism, in which the price disparity is rooted.

dustry under capitaism, in which the price disparity is rooted.

Another reason animating the recent gold-buying spree of the Chief Executive and motivating the dollar-cheapening policy of the Pres.dent is the Administration's desperate effort to bring about a revival of production through an increased sale of American goods in the world market. The Brain Trust reasons something like this: A devaluated dollar, as against foreign currencies, will enable the European buyers to give less of their national currency for American commodities. Therefore, they will rush to buy American products. For the sake of argument, let us grant that the President scores a remarkable success here. The very magnificence of this success only hastens the collapse of his entire policy. Should American exports be substantially stimulated through the cheapening of the dollar, then, other countries will resort to the same trick, retaliation will follow speedily other currencies will be depreciated at least as much, or even more, tarif schedules on American goods will be raised sky-high—all in order to counteract the lowering of the value of the dollar and the extent to which it may have served to stimulate American exports. The British experience in this field affords any thing but a glowing tribute to the efficacy of managed currency as a business-boomer in the world market. British imperialism has failed to raise a revival of its production and foreign trade thru the ventures in the realm of managed currency. The fact of the matter is that the prices of basic commodities are fixed in the world market by world conditions.

All the national attempts at artificial price-manipulation only serve to disturb, only undermine in the long run

All the national attempts at artificial price-manipulation only serve to disturb, only undermine in the long run the economic structure itself. Such attempts cannot determine for a long time the prices of basic commodities. Interesting light on this matter is shed by the finding of the German Institute for Studying Trade Fluctuations. Its investigation and calculations of gold prices of the leading countries, both on and off the gold standard, that is with gold currencies and depreciated currencies, shows that: "Of the 21 countries the United States has the lowest gold prices." From this the Institute concludes that "The meffectiveness of mere exchange depreciation as a price-raising instrument" is obvious.

The World Currency Chaos

5. World currency chaos is a direct consequence of the New Deal economic policies. The monetary-policy of the Roosevelt administration aggravates the instability and the speculative nature of economy both at home and abroad.

In the early nost way period it was assumed that all

and the speculative nature of economy both at name and abroad.

In the early post war period it was assumed that all the great problems of economic readjustment would be solved by returning to the gold standard. This assumption has been smashed by subsequent developments. The return to the gold standard was achieved but this "scothing" force has been transformed into an irritating and disruptive force in world capitalist economy. Thuy, Britanned to the gold standard prematurely. In this crisis the retreat from the gold standard has been, instead, halled as the cure-all. This shuffling to and from the gold standard has now become so universal a practic that most of the big capitalist countries have actually launched monetary policies which spell an international tace for bigger and better depreciation of national curencies. The mainspring of these efforts is to beat competitors in the world markets. However, the remedy of

The Roosevelt Program - II

beating competitors thru the depreciation of currencies doesn't end copetition but only intensifies it and raises it to a much higher level. Likewise, all attempts at "planning" and stabilization by means or injecting mercury, as it were, into the national currencies only intensify the fluctuation and enhance the speculative character of the entire system of production and exenage,

Effects Of Currency Fluctuation

Effects Of Currency Fluctuation

What are the worst effects of the Roosevelt program on the international currency system and on the stab.Lty of world economic relations? The rubber dollar only aggravates the cyclical movements of business because of its unstable foundation. Because of the fluctuating yield or the gold mines, artificially stimulated, the instability of the crisis is still more accentuated. This further intensifies the checks to general equilibrium caused by the insternal changes in one country. It is not the paucity of gold that is a source of infection but rather the maidistribution. We cannot underscore with too great emphasis the fact that the very repeated raising of the price of gold doesn't lead to a redistribution but only to a worsening of the maldistribution of gold. The objective logic of this leads to a demonetization of gold first by the weaker countries, then by the stronger ones, and then by the strongest as well. The general instability of internal revival and expansion.

* * * *

Currency Value And Gold Supply

The extent of the decay of the international system of exchange is most glaringly reflected in the currency crisis. For example, in the past, the greater the supply of gold in a country the higher the value of its currency. This so-called normal relationship between nat.onal gold supply and currency is at an end. In the two leading capitalist countries, United States and England, the reverse process has actually begun to set in. Both America and England have been shoved off the gold standard. Both the U. S. and England have currences which are worth less in gold than some months ago when their gold supply was smaller than it is today. And should France drop or suspend the gold standard this explosive will be feit still more widely. Once France begins to sell its gold hoards neither the Dollar nor the Pound will welcome it. It may force the British authorities to abandon their present control over the gold market. It would take the edge off Roosevelt's weapon of buying gold in order to equip the dolar as a stimulus to American expert trade. In the role of gold there are reflected the most fatal contragealed misery of the masses over a period of centur.es. It was in full recognition of this historical meaning of the role of gold in capitalist relations that Lenin once wrote: "When we conquer on a world scale we shall, I think, use gold for making public lavatories in the streets of the great cities of the world. That would be the most 'just' and graphically edifying use of gold for the generations which have not forgotten that for gold 10,000,000 people were erripled in the 'great liberation' war of 1914-1918."

Factors Retarding Monetary Policies

There are six decisive factors standing in the way of

Factors Retarding Monetary Policies

Factors Retarding Monetary Policies

There are six decisive factors standing in the way of success for the Roosevelt monetary policies. Briefly stated these are: a) The huge basic capital resources of the United States tend to enhance the intrinsic value of the dollar in the world currency market. b) With all the chiselling of the gold content of the dollar the United States still has a higher gold ration as reserve than the other big capitalist countries. c) Because of the great quantity of dollars necessary for payment for American commodities as well as interest on exported capital, it will be necessary for foreign countries, time and again, to buy dollars in bulk. This will tend to raise the price of dollars above the level fixed by the Administration. d) The moment that the Reosevelt devaluation strategy should show any signs of effectiveness in the world market, then, it would crystallize blocs of countries against it, which blocs will be able to pool their equalization funds to malch America's. e) The dollar devaluation program tends artificially to raise the price of commodities and thus bring on boomlets on the stock market. When the stock market in New York begins to boom the European moneyed-men also seek to cash in by entering the speculative market on Wall Street. To do this the European capitalists must purchase American dollars with which to buy stocks on the rise. As the stock market borns the quantity of dollars, so purchased, rises and there is thus developed a force to counteract the devaluation of the dol-

unbalancing of international gold distribution. In short, italist curse.

Bais For A Worst Crisis

6. Through the stimulation of monopoly control the with the so-called natural processes of recovery but also with the so-called natural processes of recovery but also this works. First of all, the monopolists contribute to a sability of rural products through their depressing of tural products through their depressing of tural products in large qualities utilize their position to Monopoly hinders the solution of the crisis in another prices in the home market despite the fact that, in reality, a reduction of the price level to the level of the considerably reduction of the price level to the level of the considerably reduced social purchasing power. The viciousness of the activation of the price level to the level of the considerably reduced social purchasing power. The viciousness of the trusts are in a better position to keep up prices extend unemployment and consequently to have a chance them to wages still more.

The monopolist attempt to maintain the rate of profits at the expense of farmers and other unorganized producers and at the expense of farmers and other unorganized producers them low monopoly prices when purchasing raw material hancement of the monopolistic control of economic life of the country brings with it an enhancement of the biggest terms and state machinery. Through this polists are further enabled to take away rights from the great masses of the toilers and thus put the latter at a further disadvantage in the economic system.

Relation of Inflation to Wages and Prices alled control of Inflation whether it be just plain inflation or so-called control of the state and and prices alled control of the farter it be just plain inflation or so-called control of the falled control of the parameter of the further disadvantage in the economic system.

Relation of Inflation to Wages and Prices
7. Inflation, whether it be just plain inflation or socalled controlled inflation, cuts the purchasing power of
the workers by putting wages at a still more disadvanrency which is the heart of inflation and the corner stone
of the New Deal economic program, thus tends to undermine the standard of living of the great mass of people
in the country. It has a disastrous effect on the small
salaried and middle class folk, on the people earning socalled stable or relatively fixed salaries in contradistinction to the buoyant effect it has on the income of the big
property holders and large equity owners. A fixed salary
paid in tubercular dollars does not mean a robust income
for professionals; but giving more dillars for property
parcels certainly spells an enhanced purchasing power and
control of money by those who own considerable equity.

Inflation And Industry

Inflation And Industry

Inflation brings more uncertainty and feverishness into industry—both in its upward and downward trends. This was clearly illustrated in the heydays of the New Deal upswing last summer. By mid-August of 1933 the index of production in the textile industry reached 163. By the close of September it dropped to 78, or a level much below the corresponding month of 1932 when it was 38.1. Obviously, inflation in the long run aggravates the gap between the rising productive capacities and the, at best, less rising or constant and more often diminishing consumption possibilities. All in all, inflation is a morphine cure. While giving the illusion of immediate relief, it undermines the physical and spiritual base of the entire socio-economic system of capitalism.

New Deal Aggravates Crisis of Capitalism

New Deal Aggravates Crisis of Capitalism

8. Finally, the New Deal economic program is to be indicted on the grounds that it, at best, fails to solve any of the main bacis contradictions inherent in the capitalist system of production and exchange. In a long range sense, the New Deal program even serves to aggravate the following outstanding contradictions of capitalism in the United States.

a) The conflict between social production and private appropriation. b) The struggle between the exploiter and the exploited, between the capitalist and the employed or disemployed worker. c) The gap between the productive capacities and the consumption possibilities which has its gravest social manifestation in the existence and growth not only of a huge permanent industrial reserve army but in the mounting ranks of an army of permanently unemployed. d) The conflict of interests in the world market.

PROGRESSIVES WIN

Continued from Page 1)
of confidence as a mandate and a trust from the membership, which we take very seriously indeed. The past year has been one of building our Union. The coming year must be one of vigorous consolidation of our gains and firm strength of ultimous consolidation of our gains and firm strength of ultimous and the unshakable support at the membership to the progressive administration of our building of our organization. We fully realize the very difficult still the membership to the progressive administration of our building of our organization. The come of vigorous consolidation of our gains and firm strength of the membership to the fully realize the very difficult still the outcome of the elections, and the unshakable support to come. There is danger that the recent campaign of the employers to reduce standards and evade the obligations of the agreement of the confidence of the campaign and firm the ent of the campaign and firm underessnakers of our Local along the road of progressive, militant of our there are thought of the sample opportunity of expressing their will as to the outcome of the elections, solemnly pledges to de everything in its power to mobilize and unify the victal necessity of firmly uniting our ranks in a solid front against the employers. The elections were conducted in the meant through demonstration of our beautiful the most thoroly democratic manner and thruthen the dressmakers of the every progressive administration of our burn the road of progressive, militant uninism!

The elections were conducted in the met thoroly democratic manner and thruthen the dressmakers of the every progressive administration of our burn the road of progressive, militant uninism!

The elections are the victal necessity of our determination and fire our enthusiant in leading the 30,000 dresmakers in thusiant in lea

the achievements of the great general strike but also to move forward to ever greater gains, to the 30-hour week and higher minimum scales, to the week work system, to unemployment insurance. The deep interest of so many thousands of dressmakers in the affairs of our Union, as reflected in the elections, and the unshakable support given by the membership to the progressive administration of our Local, enable us to declare with great assurance that these grave problems will be squarely met and vigorously tackled. The striking demonstration of the confidence of

the membership will strengthen our determination and fire our enthusiasm in leading the 30,000 foressmakers of our Local along the road of progressive, militant unionism!

The elections were conducted in the most thoroly democratic manner and thru them the dressmakers received the most ample opportunity of expressing their will as to which policies and which leadership are best for our Union. Their answer is decisive and overwhelming. We now express the outcome of the dressmakers for answer is decisive and overwhelming. We now express the earnest hope that all elements in our Union will drop the passions stirred up

MAY DAY ISSUE WORKERS AGE

THE REVISION OF THE CITY CHARTER

The question of the revision of the City Charter of the City of New York, has lately become an issue in the legislative bodies of the City and State of New York. The rash proposals of the Seabury investigation committee which were endorsed and supported by Mayor La Guardia, prior to his election as Mayor, have aroused the indignation and opposition to the move of Seabury and La Guardia to revise the city charter and especially to the question of proportional representation is so strong that it threatens the entire La Guardia administration, in that each and every move of La Guardia is being opposed by a united front of both the democratic and republican representatives in the board of aldermen and in the State legislative bodies (La Guardia economy bills, etc.)

The recommendations of the Seabury investigation committee dealing with the fundamental changes of the city charter are as follows:

Its Significance for the Workers

tem of proportional representation, the result of which would be that every group sufficiently strong to be entitled thereto would be represented in the Council, each according to its relative strength..." (Seabury report)

As regards the number of votes that shall be necessary to elect a representative to the above council or legislative chamber, Mr. Seabury proposes the following:

"Section 16. Sub.d. Quota sufficient to elect. The quota of votes sufficient to the election of a member of the council shall be 50,000. Whenever at any stage of the counting the number of ballots credited to a candidate becomes equal to the quota, he shall be declared elected and no ballots in excess of the quota shall be credited to thim..."

Then come a series of proposals of the council services of the council services of the council services of the council shall be declared elected and no ballots in excess of the quota shall be credited to the more a series of proposals of the council services of the council services of the council services of the council shall be declared elected and no ballots in excess of the council services of the council services of the council shall be credited to the council services of the council shall be declared elected and no ballots in excess of the council services of the council services of the council shall be credited to the council services of the council shall be compared to the council shall be compared to

by Jack Smith

the Seabury-La Guardia so called economy program—to simplify the government apparatus, reduce a lot of conflicting unnecessary boards and save expenses. By this the Seabury-La Guardia group hoped to kill two birds with one stone: weaken the grip of Tammany Hall on the city administration and save the unnecessary expenses of the various superfluous boards and officers.

Proportional Representation

woise sufficient to the election the democratic and republican representatives in the board of aldermen and in the State legislative chamber of the council shall be elected by Boroughs, upon a non-partisan ballot without party designation or party emblems and under a sys-

actually represented. This creates the possibutty for the strongest political party to keep its hegemony and control over the entire city administration despite the fact that actually it has the support of only a minority of the voting population. This situation is what helped the Democratic machine to become so strong and influential mitty politics.

The Seabury-La Guardia group raised the war cry against the corrupt Tammany clique, whose corrupt Tammany clique, whose corrupt and graft began to irritate even the capitalist leaders, in order to "save the City of New York." They sought to compete politically and organizationally with the Democratic and Republican parties. They realized however, that all attempts to defeat the Tammany hold on city politics will be futile as long as the present form of elections is prevalent; that in spite of the fact that now and then a situation may arise when an opposition group is swept into power by the revolting mood of the voters against the corruption of the ruling machine, yet such victory will be only temporary unless the entire system of elections is changed. In his final report on the findings and recommendations of his investigation committe, Mr. Seabury states:

"It became apparent that the very form and structure of the

a minority of the voters in the city are enabled, by means of their political organization, to take and keep absolute control of the government in effect disfranchising all others..."

These proposals were made by Seabury, the political leader of the Fusion party, at a time when his party was yet in its infancy, and at best was a bourgeois opposition party and the seed and sought for, a constitution and election law whereby it would be assured of some representation in the governmental bodies and the result was the recommendation for a new city charter.

What happened, however, at the polls last November changed the resolutionary sectarianism, even thot the last reposed by seabury for a new city charter is backed by immeasured that this seaon is entirely lost on the member and supporters of the chard struggle to rebuild a national progressive life the hard struggle to rebuild a national progressive left wing the damanaged to granized labor—wave ment. Whatever can labor movement that managed to granized labor—wave ment. Whatever can labor movement and an angel to grystalize by 1927—and consided and progressive workers, mines the needing workers, machinists and other services of the chass-collaborationist policies of the cass-collaborationist policies of the conservative officialdom assuing of the official community of labor. The policy of the policy

entire picture. From an opposition group the Fusion party became the administration party. The economic conditions, the near bank-ruptcy of the city administration and the consequent revolt of the voters against the Tammany and Republican machines had swept the prosition Fusion party into office and made it responsible for the afairs of the city administration. From mere oppositionist the Fusion party suddenly became the majority party and was vested with actual "responsibility" of "saving the city."

Change In Conditions Necessitated

The Seabury-La Guardia group raised the war cry against the corrupt Tammany clique, whose corruption and graft began to irritate even the capitalist leaders, in order to "save the City of New York." They sought to compete politically and organizationally with the Democratic and Republican parties. They realized however, that all attempts to defeat the Tammany hold on city politics will be futile as long as the present form of elections is prevalent; that in spite of the fact that now and then a situation may arise when an opposition group is swept into power by the revolting mood of the voters against the corruption of the ruling machine, yet such victory will be only temporary unless the entire system of elections is changed. In his final report on the findings and recommendations of his investigation committe, Mr. Seabury states:

"It became apparent that the very form and structure of the very form and structure of the city government was in a large measure responsible for the opportunities for graft and corruption which were disclosed before the committee. These defects in our governmental form the primary and election machinery which is now in effect, by which a minority of the voters in the city are enabled, by means of their political organization, to take and keep absolute control of the government in effect disfranchising all others.

These proposals were made by eabury, the political leader of the value of proposals were made by eabury, the political leader of the value of the value of the city are enabled, by means of their proposals were made weaken to seek the summority of the voters in the city are enabled, by means of their proposals were made weaken to seek the summority of the voters in the city are enabled, by means of their political organization, to take and keep absolute control of the government in effect disfranchising all others.

These proposals were made to the control of the voters in the city are enabled, by means of the proposals were made by eabury, at a fine whom it is actually th

Dressmakers Crush Dualism

The sensational victory of the progressives in the elections in Dressmakers Union Local 22, I.L. G.W.U., which took place on March 22, is of deep significance to the whole labor movement of this country. It is not simply that this local union has a membership of nearly 30,000, thus topping many international unions in the A. F. of L. Nor is it simply that this local union has made an enviable place for itself in American labor annals by its long record of militancy and achievement. It is rather that, in this organization and in these elections, the warious tendencies coming before the workers with a bid for support as pointing the way for the future of unionism in America, met in a fight to the finish—and the results mark a milestone in the development of the new progressive-left wing movement now making itself felt in many sections of organized labor.

Dressmakers Crush "Left Group"
The "Left Group", its ranks augmented by the hundreds of dressmakers who came from the Industrial Union into the International after the general strike of last August, entered the campaign with the loudily proclaimed expectation of sweeping everything before it. All the forces of the Communist Party, of the Trade Union Unity League, of the Industrial Union and of the innumerable C.P. auxiliaries were thrown in behind it; never, in fact, had the resources, moral and material of the official Communist movement been so completely mobilized in a trade union election struggle. The very same workers, to win the "Left Group" were indicative of the subject of the "Left Group" were indicative of the subject of the "Left Group" were indicative of the subject of the "Left Group" were indicative of the subject of the subject of the "Left Group" were suddenly transformed into "NIRA-bables" as soon as our of the work of the progressive administration or even a positive pro-

by Will Herberg

gram of any sort of its own. It staked everything upon a campaign of unscrupulous demagogy and brazen lying, hoping evidently to confuse the many thousands of new members of the union and to profit by the confusion. It very deliberately turned its fight into a campaign of the most unbridled personal abuse against Charles S. Zimmerman, the leader of the progressive forces. With a recklessness born of utter lack of principle, it was ready to sink to the depth of trying to stir up race prejudice as an election issue and to resort to election dodges that are regarded as discreditable in Tammany circles! But do what it might, it could not free itself of the crushing burden of dual unionism and union splitting. All its evasions profited it nothing; it could not hide the damning bonds that tied it to the union splitting T.U.U.L. and to the dualist Industrial Union!

Reactionaries Wiped Out

The reactionary forces in Local
22, representing the conservative class-collaborationist tendency in the LL.G.W.U., had been so smashed by the three years of progressive rough the third progressive of the same put up a separate ticket in the elections. Whatever discredited remnants remained to them, they characteristically enough threw to the support of the so-called "Lefts", the official Communist Party group in the local They ceased to be an independent factor in the struggle altho there are some indications that their revival in one form or another in the future is not altogether out of the question.

Dressmakers Crush "Left Group" The "Left Group", its ranks augmented by the hundreds of dressmakers who came from the Industrial Union into the International chelle, of last "Industrial Union!"

Amases Support Progressive Group, on the dither and progressive Group, on the other hand, was indeed a model ampligh of progressive unionism. The progressive realized from the responsibility and privilege to draw responsibility and privilege to draw the many thousands of new members, utterly inexperienced in the labor movement, into active particular to a transcription in union affairs, to educate them in the spirit of class can be a transcription of the union was in their hands. That over 12,000 dressmakers came depressives who came from the Industrial Union into the International chemical and to the dualist Industrial Union!

The campaign of progressives Group, on the determination of the many thousands of the was here. Progressives realized from the responsibility and privilege to draw responsibility and privilege to draw them any thousands of new members, utterly inexperienced in the labor movement, into active particular to the many thousands of new members, utterly inexperienced in the labor movement, into active particul

the progressives! (See the Freiheit of March 24, 1934).

Progressives Made Clean Fight

Progressives Made Clean Fight
The Progressive Group made its
fight squarely upon the record of
the administration in the past and
upon its program for the future.
It conducted a.sharp and effective
fight to expose the reckless campaign of confusion of the "Lefts"
and to clear the atmosphere of
their poison gas of abuse and misrepresentation. But it never descended to personalities nor, above
all, in spite of its mixed political
composition, did it ever allow itself
to be hetrayed for an instant into
an anti-Communist position by its
crusade against the reckless demagogues falsely parading under the
banner of Communism!

*
Entire Progressive Ticket Elected

Entire Progressive Ticket Elected

Entire Progressive Ticket Elected
The victory of the progressives
was a smashing one indeed! Every
single one of its candidates was
elected by huge majorities and the
entire "Left" slate was wiped out
without a trace. A year before,
the "Lefts" had polled 45% of the
vote for manager and had elected
nine of the twenty-five members
of the executive board, all that
they had put up! Now they polled
only 27% of the vote for manager
and elected not one single executive board members, business agent
or convention delegate!

The Way To Defeat Dual

The Way To Defeat Dual Unionism

The Way To Detect Dual Unionism

And this smashing victory was accomplished thru an election in which democracy of the most unlimited sort reigned supreme. Even the "Lefts" themselves could find hardly anything to complain of. Thus was confirmed again our often of the supremental of the suprementa

THE FURRIERS FIGHT FOR A UNION

By this time the policy of the Communist Party Opposition in the trade unions, namely: that of staying in them, has received wide-spread recognition among all class conscious workers who are interested and personally involved in this much disputed question.

Dual Unionism Dies Hard

Dual Unionism Dies Hard
Hard sledding before we were
successful in convincing them?
Yes, very hard. Dual unionism is
an affliction of trade union militants that resists eradication stubbornly, especially when constantly
reinfected by a cowardly and reactionary labor union leadership.
But by persistent campaigning
against dual unionism we are sure
to await a situation when all but
the blindest concede our far-sightedness. Such is the present period.
With a great surge forward many
hundreds of thousands of workers
joined and keep on joining up with
the official labor movement in this
country; and the sponsors of dual
unionism, at this time, the official
Communist Party, stand discredited before even their own followers.

But dual unionism dies hard

lowers.

But dual unionism dies hard. Though our course is publicly justified in nearly all trades, the Communist Party Opposition is still questioned as to the wisdom of its policy in the fur trade. If it were merely a matter of dispassionate discussion we would be confident of quick success in times like these. On the one nand, the C.P. leaders, trembling lest they lose their one and only "union" in the T.U.U.L., resort to a most savage reign of terror against the followers of our policy, to prevent discussion. Resort also to open treachery of the fur workers, flagrantly selling out long won conditions to the employers in return for verbal, not formal, recognition. In the course of this article I hope to be able to prove this. dual unionism dies hard.

Unionism in the Fur Industry

floor." As though we didn't suspect what an unprincipled fight the Party's dual union would put up!
"The ground floor"—Yes, we're in on the ground floor—the emergency clinics in the city's hospitals, preparatory to getting a bea on a floor higher up. One of our comrades, Joe Farner, is now spending his fourth week waiting for a proken leg to mend.

Just now however my chief can

Just now, however, my chief concern is with the rank and file followers of dual unionism in the fur trade, not the Cannon type, for there are none, but those who believe in the Industrial Union. They say the following: "Here the situation is different; here the Industrial Union has a majority of the furriers; here the leadership is talented, they are revolutionary and there the A. F. of L. union, the Joint Council, has only a few members. Why have the Lovestoneites gone into the Joint Council instead of staying with the Industrial Union?"

I want to take up these ques-

I want to take up these ques-tions in succession and answer

Cannon Dispenses Advice
When this comes from the official C.P. fighting for its discredited political life, it is not pardonable but understandable. But to meet with the same type of slander from a snivelling, political group that declares itself against dual unionism, is as thoroughly nauseating as the sight of a confused pup trying to eat what it has just deposited. I am here referring to an editorial signed by James P. Cannon in the March 24th issue of the Militant, the Trotskyite paper. James P. Cannon, who comes skipping gayly, from a wrecked hotel workers strike, into the furriers situation, complains that the Lovestoneites joined the Joint Council "in order to be in on the ground id word with grid with we fight to a simple movement. The furriers have paid bitterly for seven years in wages, hours and general conditions for their isolation. We are part of the marching side by side with them can we hold what we fight for. While other trades are now making a decent living, we are treated like paupers by the bosses. And no wowder! We cannot speak with the authority of one united labor organization!

** **

** ** To Revolutionary Leadership ship is revolutionary, capable."

sin order to be in on the ground also in corder to be in on the ground also in corder to be in or the ground also in the ground also in the ground and the control of conditions.

The ground is the commission they are accorded in having Norman Thomas appointed as a masse of the commission. Now they are satisfied to he present system of recommendation of the present system of the present system of preparation of proportional representation raised, in its relation to the control of the commission of proportional representation raised, in its relation to the control of the commission of proportional representation raised, in its relation to the class struggle.

The guestion of proportional representation must be placed to the proportional representation must be placed to the proportional representation must be placed to the proportional representation must be placed in the proportional representation must be placed in the proportional representation must be placed in the proportional representation and solve the fact that at this stage there is still no broad analyzed from the following view-points: a) What interest does not be proportional representation must be placed in the proportional representation and the proportional representation are structured to the proportional representation and the proportional representation must be placed to the proportional representation in the United States and the proportional representation and the proportional representation and the proportional representation in the United States and the proportional representation and the proportional representation and the proportional representation and the proportional representation and the proportional representation

by Michael Intrator

Yes, they are revolutionary, but they are revolutionists gone haywire. They are puppets of a Party leadership that is leftist, bound to carry out instructions that bring ruin to the furriers. On the one and you have that capable "leader" Ben Gold, involving the union in every revolutionary but stupid political adventure the Party playboys order and on the other hand you have him using his "titalents" in bargaining away the conditions of the workers. And this is not the only piece of wind the workers. And this is not the only piece of will be obvious transparent of the workers. And this is not from a conservative in bargaining away the conditions of the workers. And this is not from a conservative in the workers in Joint Council shops were, for the first time, enjoying the 35 hour week, which, it is true, by the employers had voluntarily granted, the talented Ben Gold was an agreement with a Fur Trimming Manufacturers Ass'n., with whom the Industrial Union had contractual relations. When these employers threatened not to renew the agreement, Ben Gold's talents served him well. He agreed to grant the bosses the 40 hour week, hiding the extra 5 hours under the evolutionary cloak of "overtime," when all overtime was for-

Some Industrial Union Methods
Other characteristics of this revolutionary union? Yes! Here:
Enormously high dues, because in addition to the regular dues there is an unbearable system of petty and constant weekly collections for numerous purposes, too many to detail. And try and refuse to pay! A staff of no less than 21 business agents, who go into the shops—and with a method that smells too much like racketeering—collect
(Continued on Page 7)

Opportunism Wrecks a Strike

The strike of the hotel and restaurant workers of the Amalgamated Food Workers Union ended on February 28, with a defeat for the workers.

To understand the reasons for this defeat and to draw the proper lessons we must examine the leadership of the union and the policies which it pursued before and during the strike.

The Background Of The Strike
The split in the A. F. W., engineered by the Communist Party, left our branch of the union much weakened. It led a precarious existence down to about six months prior to the strike call, when signs of revival and growth were to be noted. These signs were due not so much to the leadership of the union as to the intolerable conditions which years of weak unionism had brought. The general situation was very favorable for organization and for a drive for improvement of conditions.

The Old Leadership And The

We were met by the solid opposition of the administration, the Trotskyites and the Gitlowite Kostas. The latter was the most aggressive attacking our proposal as "adventurist" and "too communistic."

Our proposal was rejected and instead there began a period of the most disgusting praise and veneration of the NRA and the Regional Labor Boards. Not the slightest attempt was made to mobilize the workers for struggle, indeed the workers were literally restrained from taking any "rash" action. Valuable time was lost in hearings, rehearings, and postponements, while the hotel bosses were preparing for the fight that they knew was coming.

But the continued pressure of the employers and discrimination against union men finally forced the union into a strike when it was totally unprepared for it.

The General Strike

Within two days of the solid opposition of the fight that they within two days of the most of the employers and discrimination against union of the most of the employers and discrimination against union of the most of the employers and discrimination of the most disputation of the vend demand increases in working about 54 hours). Instead it called for no decreases in working about 54 hours). Instead it called for no decreases in working about 54 hours). Instead it called for no decreases in working about 54 hours). Instead it called for no decreases in working about 54 hours). Instead it called for no decreases in working about 54 hours). Instead it called for no decreases in working about 54 hours). Instead it called for no decreases in working about 54 hours). Instead it called for no decreases in working about 54 hours). Instead it called for no decreases in working about 54 hours). Instead it called for no decreases in working about 54 hours). Instead it called for no decreases in working about 54 hours). Instead it called for no decreases in working about 54 hours). Instead it called for no decreases in working about 54 hours). Instead it called for no decreases in working about 54 hours). Instead it

workers In Deep Resentment
These are but a few examples,
many more could be cited, to show
the employers and discrimination
against union men finally forced
the union into a strike when it was
totally unprepared for it.

The General Strike
Within two days after the strike
call close to 10,000 workers were
out. Not a single committee had
been set up to handle these workers, attend shop meetings, etc. It
was not until a week after the
strike call, when the workers demanded that some order bemanded that some order bescured in this chaotic condition, that
committees were organized. Even
then Fields, as the leader of the
tunion, continued to act by himself
or thru the so called advisory committee (Gitlow, Cannon and later
Budenz) without in any way consulting or submitting for approval
the most important decisions in the
strike course.

The Policy Pursued In The Strike
The previous subservient attitude to the Regional Labor Board
was continued. The healthy and
vigorous militancy of the strikers
were sweenerically cushed and distrace workers in the supportthe few workers that had supported them went over to the A.F.W.
where they continue there if efforts
to capture the organization by
capture the continued the strikers
workers In Deep Resentment
These are but a few examples,
many more could be cited, to show
the course pursued by the leadership which resulted in disaster.
The reaction of the workers to
these methods, which devitalized
the strike and made success impossible, is one of deep resentment
against all those responsible. Even
the majority of the Trotskyites
ultimately disclaimed responsibiliyor the events of the strike, Gitlow solidarized himself completely
in the workers the
solidarized himself completely
in the majority of the Trotskyites
and the strike and made success impossible, is one of deep resentment
against all those responsible. Even
these methods, which devitalized
the strike and made success impossible, is one of deep resentment
against all those responsible. Even

original charter commission they filled all lobbies with their protests until they succeeded in having Norman Thomas appointed as a member of the commission. Now they are satisfied and feel that "democracy was saved". In no report or article in the New Leader was the question of proportional representation raised, in its relation to the class struggle.

The World Communist Front

Alsace

The CPO in Alsace has been making efforts to set up a proletarian united front against the rising menace of Fascism in France. Towards this end the CPO took the initiative in inviting the Socialist Party and the Communist Party for a united Paris Commune commemoration meeting.

A meeting of our organization in Alsace was attacked physically by a section of the Autonomists who have been swinging towards Fasc-

a section of the Autonomists who have been swinging towards Fasc-ism. This has caused considerable discussion in our ranks as to the advisability of continuing the united front with the Autonomists.

The CPO in Austria

The CPO in Austria has been reestablished on a broader base. We
have excellent contacts with a very
sizable section of the Vienna Socialdemocracy which is swinging sharply to the left. It is with this group
that we are now working closely.

In the internal contacts with a contact with the contact of the conta

ly to the left. It is with this group that we are now working closely. In the insurrection our comrades as well as the CP members participated as individuals. As an organization the CP did not make itself felt. What is still more significant is that even after the Austrian defeat, when the situation created made the extension of communist influence possible, the CP, though free from certain crass errors constantly repeated by the CI, has not been able to measure up to the moment.

moment.

France
In the ranks of the French CP
there is a growing opposition to
the "united front from below" policy
of the Central Committee. In the
proletarian districts of Paris a
genuine united front spirit pervades the ranks of both the CP
and the SP, to the consternation

Some Significant Developements

of the rapidly swelling ranks of the Fascist movement in France. So great has become this opposition to official policies of the CP, that the leadership of the St. Denis organization of the CP, the come out against the "united front from below" tactics of the Central Committee and for a genuine united front of the CP, SP and both trade union movements. Doriot is one of the most popular leaders of the French CP and St. Denis is one of the most propular leaders of the French CP and St. Denis is one of the most protectarian sections of the Party.

The immediate slogans of the CP are in part constructive and in part confusing. The SP has concretized its demands to center around the following slogan—"The reduction of the personnel of the Senate and the Chamber of Deputies from a total membership of 900 to 300 and the fight to preserve the democratic state."

Class lines in France are sharpening rapidly and decisive struggles are not far distant.

Germany

Our organization in Germany is growing. The total dues paying membership of the CPO is now 500 more than it was when Papen took office in the summer of 1932. Our literature is sought for and our influence, especially in developing underground unions. is outstanding. From an observer, not connected

our organization has made treated on the stocknown of the statement months.

Pandit J. Nehru, secretary of the Il India Congress, the most poweral figure in India today, since thandi is so discretized publicly, as come out with a declaration in avor of Communism but in oposition to the tactics of the CI. omrade Nehru is a close friend f Roy.

His statement reads in part:

"I do believe that fundamentally the choice before the world today is one between a form of Communism and some form of Fascism, and I am all for the former, Communism.... There is no middle road between Fascism and Communism. One has to choose between the two has to choose between the two has to choose between the two and I chose the Communist Communism. We now publish a special information bulletin in Sweden.

* * * * manouvers for a Fourth anti-Communist Inside of Germany the SAP has been non-existent for some months, but outside some of its members hip is swinging sharply to the right and is preparing to reorganize the party under another name, the party of the seven serving as the lisson of its mustle of the series of the Island out-and-out reformits organizations. The Kilbom leadership is swinging sharply to the fight and is preparing to reorganize the party under another name, the party of the party un

think these methods will have to adapt themselves to changing conditions, and may vary in different countries; but I do think the basic ideology of Communism and its scientific interpretation of history are sound."

At the Trade Union Congress our comrades, known a the Roy Opposition, wielded considerable influence. In the governing committee of the Congress we were able to defeat the burocracy on a number of occasions by a very close vote. Our strength is especially marked among among the Bombay workers—textile and railroad.

Sweden

active and influential in defeating the new emergency laws which would have meant the outlawing of the Communist movement immediately and the destruction of all labor organizations afterwards. The proposed law, which our comrades called the Prison Law, was defeated in the popular referendum by over 40,000 votes

"Fourth International"

"Fourth International"

From the Central Trotskyist organ, Unser Wort (Our Word), we learn that the break between the SAP (Socialist Workers Party, the centrist grouplet headed by Walcher) and the self-styled "international Left Opposition" is definite. This is a mortal blow to Trotsky's manouvers for a Fourth anti-Communist International.

Inside of Germany the SAP has been non-existent for some months, but outside some of its members have been serving as the liason officers between Trotsky and a whole series of centrist and out-and-out reformist organizations seeking to band themselves together in a new International against Communism.

C. W. A. Organization Split by C. P. Another workers organization has been split as a result of the sectarian and disruptive policies of sectarian and disruptive sectarian and disruptive sectarian and disruptive sectarian and disrup

Another workers organization has been split as a resuit of the sectarian and disruptive policies of the official Communist Party and tis followers. This time the victim is the Associated Office and Professional Emergency Employees (AOPEE), an organization of white collar workers employed on various C.W.A. projects.

A Good Beginning

A Good Beginning

The AOPEE was one of the few examples in this country of successful organization by white colar workers, and in many respects showed more progress than the laborers' organization in the same field. In the first few months of its existence it succeeded in getting into its ranks some 2,000 members, secured recognition of its grievance committee by the administration, secured numerous concessions on matters of pay, hours and sick leave. It staged a demonstration at the C.W.A. office in which almost 3,000 white collar workers participated, the first of its kind here and of great significance in the development of the white collar movement. A great future lay ahead of the AOPEE and then the C.P. took a hand.

instance was the "strike" of February 5, called by the Relief Workers League, for which the C.P. members endeavored to secure support over the head of the AOPEE.

The United Front Demonstration The United Front Demonstration
The culmination of these disruptive activities came in the united
front demonstration of February
15, initiated by the Workers Committee on Unemployment. For the
first time all unemployed and
C.W.A. organizations were brought
together thru the efforts of the
AOPEE, into one united demonstration against wage-cuts, lay-offs
and against the proposed discontinuance of the C.W.A.

During the dewonstration itself

and against the proposed discontinuous ranks some 2,000 members, secured recognition of its grievance committee by the administration, secured numerous concessions on matters of pay, hours and sick leave. It staged a demonstration at the C.W.A. office in which almost 3,000 white collar workers participated, the first of its kind here and of great significance in the development of the white collar movement. A great future lay ahead of the AOPEE and then the C.P. took a hand.

Enter The C. P.

Originally opposed to the setting up of a white collar organization, the C.P. formed its own Relief Workers League for "all" emergency workers. But when the progress of the AOPEE became obvious it changed its line and decided to enter the AOPEE. As usual, its tactics were at once oriented to wards "capture" or failing that to split. The usual methods of disruption, slander, outright lying were resorted to. Packing meetings was an accepted method. The best depths of yellow journalism in its cooperation with its co-disruptors. Open stool-pigeon activities were resorted to. Active workers in the organization were designated by name, in the Daily Worker, and their political affiliation proclaimed, in many cases falsely, for the benefit of the administration and fried to mobilize the membership to participate in actions of rival organizations. An During the demonstration itself

elect an executive committee but when it was elected and they discovered that they had not secured control of it they began a campaign against it as "illegal." A membership meeting called to take action on the program of the administration to drop the C.W.A., to ratify the Executive Committee and to adopt a policy on the united front, was disrupted by the party's fillibustering and splitting tactics. Under these circumstances the Executive Committee decided to conduct a referendum to determine the attitude of the membership on the disputed issues. This threw the C.P. forces into a panc. They knew that the sentiment of the membership was overwhelmingly against them. They had to forestall the referendum at all costs. They therefore issued a "call" for a "Council Meeting" to take place exactly two days before the close of the referendum. This was done despite a call, previously issued, for a regular Council meeting for two days after the close of the referendum. Naturally the rump Council meeting consisted of the Party fraction and a few innocent victims. In spite of an official communication from the secretary to come to the regular meeting a few days later and not to participate in an action which would place them outside the organization, "fliquidated" the Executive Committee in the forcers of the organization, "fliquidated" the Executive Committee and declared itself as the AOPEE. In other words they split away from the AOPEE and set up a dual organization.

C.P. vs. Non-Partisan Organization. when it was elected and they dis-covered that they had not secured

artisan organizations, all the activities of the party were directed toward stamping the demonstration as a "red" affair, thus driving out the non-partisan and non-communist elements. These tactics aroused great indignation among the members of the various non-C.P. organizations, resulting in the disbanding of the united front.

C.P. Splits Organization

At about this time also the Executive Committee had been constituted since the Central Council, made up of representatives from the projects had grown too large to function effectively. The party's planter will merge with the regular non-partisan Organization So there now exist two organizations of there now exist two organizations of there now exist two organizations, the regular non-partisan Orgenization AOPEE of which Miriam Silvis is executive Secretary, with headquarters at 22 East 22nd St., and the dual split-off section which uses the same name and which has become merely another fig-leaf for the discredited and bankrupt Unemployed Councils. That this sect will go the way of other products of party adventurism goes without of party adventurism goes without the following them are returning. It will not be long before this will not be long before this party groups in the field. In

spite of a great deal of damage done, the regular AOPEE will consolidate its forces and continue winning the white collar workers to its ranks.

Little Brothers of Disrupters
Here the story would ordinarily end, were it not that the disrupters have left a little brother inside the AOPEE to continue winning from day to the Place formerly occupied by the C.P. fraction. They began to crystallize during the struggle against the place formerly occupied by the C.P. fraction. They began to crystallize during the struggle against the party fraction, when they occupied an "on-the-fence" position changing from day to day and even from hour to hour. When the part ty split they at first could not make up their minds to remain with the organization, one of the regular in the referendum, characterizing it as a "phoney," a term borrowed from the party. Finally they made up their minds to remain with the organization, one of the reasons they gave being that "the records were in the hands of the regular secretary."

Now they are conducting a typical C. P. campaign against the leadership of the AOPEE. An example of this was an article by one of the charges made against the leadership of the AOPEE. An example of this was an article by one of the charges made against the leadership of the AOPEE. Their individual to the court of the platform. This was the worker of the washing of the AOPEE and the court of the platform. This was the dearth of the AOPEE and the court of the platform the report made by this "progressives" whose energy is directed toward disruption and demoralization. When the court of the platform the party of the AOPEE and the platform the platfo

Furriers Fight for a Union

(continued from Page 5)
three and four dollars worth of
"dues" per worker while they sit
at the machines. Voluntary and
traditional payment of dues? Not
for this revolutionary union! Twenty-one business agents must earn
their keep!

These are some of the reasons why we Lovestoneites have joined the A. F. of L. union and there are others, very important reasons!

Machine Control vs. Union Democracy

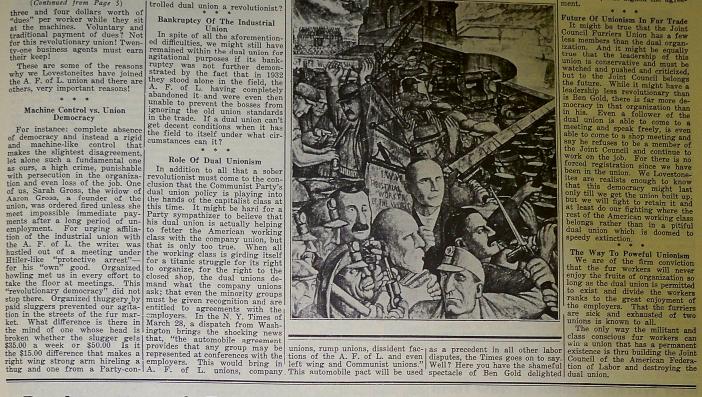
For instance: complete absence of democracy and instead a rigid and machine-like control that makes the slightest disagreement, let alone such a fundamental one as ours, a high crime, punishable with persecution in the organization and even loss of the job. One of us, Sarah Gross, the widow of Aaron Gross, a founder of the union, was ordered fired unless she meet impossible immediate pay-

| trolled dual union a revolutionist?

Bankruptey Of The Industrial
Union
In spite of all the aforementioned difficulties, we might still have remained within the dual union for agitational purposes if its bankruptey was not further demonstrated by the fact that in 1932 they stood alone in the field, the A. F. of L. having completely abandoned it and were even then unable to prevent the bosses from ignoring the old union standards in the trade. If a dual union can't get decent conditions when it has the field to itself under what circumstances can it?

Role Of Dual Unionism

NINTH RIVERA MURAL AT NEW WORKERS SCHOOL



Future Of Unionism In Fur Trade
It might be true that the Joint
Council Furriers Union has a few
less members than the dual organization. And it might be equally
true that the leadership of this
union is conservative and must be
watched and pushed and criticized,
but to the Joint Council belongs
the future. While it might have a
leadership less revolutionary than
is Ben Gold, there is far more democracy in that organization than
in his. Even a follower of the
dual union is able to come to a
meeting and speak freely, is even
able to come to a shop meeting and
say he refuses to be a member of
the Joint Council and continue to
work on the job. For there is no
forced registration since we have
been in the union. We Lovestoneites are realists enough to know
that this democracy might last
only till we get the union built up
but we will fight to retain it and
at least do our ighting where the
rest of the American working class
belongs rather than in a pitiful
dual union which is doomed to
speedy extinction.

The Way To Poweful Unionism
We are of the firm conviction.

of Proletarian Bankruptcy

Since I have recently left the Proletarian Party, of which I was formerly an active member, and joined the Communist Party Oppo-sition I wish to publicly state my reasons for so doing.

Mine is not an isolated split and

Mine is not an isolated split and should not be considered as such. Many active comrades, including two National Executive Committee members have left the Proletarian party within the last few months. If it were a case of one or two comrades we might assume that it was a case of individual short-coming and let the whole matter go at that, but when a large number of such active members leave almost simultaneously both the adherents of the Proletarian party and those who have other leanings must give a more thoro analysis in order to find the political significance of these breaks in its ranks.

by Mary Wright

recent German debacle? What statement did it print? For two months after Hitler came to power it printed articles telling the workers that Fascism is bad. Then it printed the statement of the E.C. C.I. whitewashing the German Communist party and the Communist International. No comment was made. A comrade had written an article analyzing the situation, pointing out the mistakes of both the S.P. and the C.P. and criticizing the failure of the C.P.G. to form a united front against Fascism. This article was never printed.

and those who have other leanings must give a more thoro analysis in order to find the political significance of these breaks in its ranks.

The Proletarian party is a Communist organization, that is it adheres to the fundamental principles of Communism, the dictatorship of the proletariat, soviet power, etc. That is fine, but it is not everything. The Communist organization are also communist organizations are also communist organizations are there are very real differences between the three.

Two very important attitudes of the P.P. which are to a great extent responsible for its recent splits are first its sectarian bind attitude toward the other sections of the American Communist movement and its complete failure as an organization with the class struggle in its less highly developen forms, i.e. as it is expressed by trade unions and similar organizations, with the class struggle in its final revolutionary phase.

The P.P. is gulte sure that it is the only real Communist party in the U. S. A., so sure that it absolutely ignores all the others.

The P.P. fights the C.P. with undying hatred but at the same time it does not in the disa.

into action when and if a revolu-tion suddenly startles the country. But revolutions do not happen like that. We must be with the work-ing class, fighting with them, lead-ing them, preparing them for the steps to come. If today we are in steepy isolation do you think that we can suddenly shake off our inertia and from would-be philos-ophers become revolutionary lead-ers?

Today the P.P. exerts only a negative influence, that is it takes those workers, many of whom have excellent potentialities, out of the class struggle. It does not show them how to carry on effective work but it delays them, and in some cases permanently, from learning how to participate in the labor movement as communists. I would be note that already wany. labor movement as communists. I am glad to note that already many of the more active comrades have, like myself, become disgusted with the sectarianism and inactivity of the P.P. and are leaving it to join the C.P.O.

member and makes it quite clear fiers to the fundamental principles of Communism, the dictatorship of the proletariat, soviet briship of the proletariation of the

A "Lovestoneite" Recants

Editor Workers Age:

Several days ago there appeared in the Daily Worker a statement from a former Philadelphia "Lovestoneite" who dissociated himself from the Lovestone group and was readmitted into the Community Party.

It would be of interest to the readers of the Age to learn that Sam Leckerman, the supposed Lovestoneite, is the notorious traitor and present Republican politican of the Carpenters Union. He never was a member of our group.

The real story is the following: Sam Leckerman, who is not an ordinary rank and filer, but a leader of Local 1073, a former business agent of the local and present Republican politician, Young the Agent of the local and present Republican polity slandered and undermined the Party slandered and undermined the Party was considered but Leckerman, being a statunch Fosterite, his faction raised the cry of factionalism. Finally his actions became so vile that he was expelled by unanimous decision in 1927, more than two years before the Lovestoneites were expelled.

After his expulsion from the Party was considered but Leckerman, being a statunch Fosterite, his faction raised the cry of factionalism. Finally his actions became so vile that he was expelled from the Party. The Party fraction din the Party. The Party fraction din the Party. The Party fraction din the Party in the Party is new acquisition. We will soon see the rather humorous spectage of Leckerman defending the Party Leckerman seak so deep as the pressive carpenters' group, in the elections in Local 1073 of the Carpenters union. This was in 1925, after we had been expelled from the Party. The Party fraction din or even issue a statement against the founders and builders of our between the party sympathizers do not believe the Party Leckerman is of Leckerman is of Leckerman is of Leckerman is over the Party is new acquisition. We will soon see the rather humorous spectage of Leckerman defending the Party is new acquisition. We will soon see the rather humorous spectage will be off the pression that the pression of th

There will also appear in this issue articles on the Prague Program of the German Social-democracy and an estimate of the Program of the Revolutionary Policy Committee — for the American Socialist Party.

All units of the CPO should place their increased orders im-mediately Units are also re-quested to send in their greet-ings—not later than April 18th.

Workers Age

Published Twice Monthly by the Workers Age Pub. Assn., 51 West 14 Street, New York, N. Y. Phone: GRamercy 5-8903

Organ of the National Council of the
COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE U. S. A. (OPPOSITION)
Subscription rates: Foreign \$1.50 a year. \$1.00 six months. 5 cents
a copy Domestic \$1.25 a year. \$0.75 six months.

Vol. 3, No. 6.

April 15, 1934.

THE CANADIAN WORKERS LEAGUE

THE CANADIAN WORKERS LEAGUE

In the headlines of recent weeks Germany, Austria and the New Deal have had a sort of a privileged position. This does not mean that nothing has been happening elsewhere. These are stirring days, days in which we are at culminating points of decades of development and no country is left out of the run.

Concretely, we have in mind Canada. In the land of our northern neighbor much has been happening of late. Class lines have become hardened and class relations more embittered. Canadian reaction has reached its high watermark in the present Bennett government. Labor militants are hounded for strike activities; communists are sentenced to heavy prison terms for mere agitation; civil rights are a dead letter and economic conditions are increasingly unbearable.

It is especially under these conditions that we greet the formation of the Workers League of Canada. This League is dedicated to the principles of Marx and Lenin, and to the Leninist tactical course pursued by the Comintern in its days of greatest virility and influence. The Workers League of Canada breaks with the dry-rot formulae and shibboleths of the ultra-left sectarian course of official Canadian communism. It evolves its tactics fully cognizant of the specific conditions prevailing in Canada and thus strikes very effectively towards unifying the workers' ranks and their struggles, towards winning the workers for the achievement of the revolutionary principles of Marx and Lenin.

We of the Communist Party Opposition in the United States halls the first move toward revolutionary sanity and unity in Canada. We are sure it will mean much for Canadian labor, awakening to the need of a showdown struggle against the black Bennett government. The Workers League of Canada, with its insistence on transforming the conservative unions into militant trade unions and of inspiring and aiding the realization of the broadest genuine united front against capitalist reaction, shows not only the path of struggle but also points the way out of

New Workers School in New Term

The final term of the fifth year tions of dialectical materialism as of the New Workers School will begin on Monday April 9th. In ever increasing numbers workers are realizing that it is the only school where the principles and Mondays, 8.30 P. M. beginning tactics of Marxism-Leninism are taught, not as a dogra but as

taught, not as a dogma but as a method and a guide to action. Several new courses are being given this term which should be of special interest to all those who are interested in Communism:

PORTRAIT OF AMERICA, instructor Bertram D. Wolfe. Fridays - 8.30 P. M. beginning April 13th.

Isth. In this course Comrade Wolfe, author of the new book "Portrait of America," gives a Marxist analysis of the decisive turning points and driving forces that shaped modern America, its economy, its class structure and its ideology. The subjects of the lectures are: Colonial America, The First American Revolution, The American Dream, The Struggle over Slavery, The American Labor Movement, and America as a World Power.

THE COMMUNIST MOVE-MENT AND THE TRADE UNIONS, instructor G. F. Miles, Fridays 7 o'clock beginning Apr.

This course will include a discussion of the historical approach of Communism to the trade of unions, a review of the attitude of the varieus tendencies in the labor movement towards the trade unions at the present time, and an estimate of the present condition of the trade union movement.

April 9th.

This course consists of an analysis of the economic, social and political structure and functioning of the capitalist system, the contradictions within capitalism, tendencies making for a new social order, the nature and form of socialist society.

PROPOSED ROADS TO FREEDOM (Which Program for the Working Class), instructor Jim Cork. Thursdays, 7 P. M. beginning April 12th.

Analysis of the various tendencies in the labor movement. Anarchism, syndicalism, socialism, official communist tendency, Trotskyism and the International Communist Opposition.

* * *
ELEMENTS OF MARXIAN
ECONOMICS, instructor B. Herman. Tuesday 8.30 P. M. beginning
April 10th.

BASIC CONCEPTIONS OF SCIENCE, instructor M. C. Stewart. Thursdays 8.30 P. M. beginning April 12th.
Dialectical Materialism applied in the field of science.

Notice

As we go to press, the Eighth Convention of the Communist Party of the U.S.A. has just gotten under way. In the next issue of Workers Age we will analyze the DIALECTICAL MATERIAL
ISM, instructor Will Herberg. Mondays, 7 P. M. beginning Apr. 9th.
A study of the historical roots of
Marxism and of its philosophical
background, followed by a detailed
examination of the main concepapproach to our problems.

DOMMUNIST PARTY (OPPOSITION) If West 14th Street New York, N. Y. Please send me information in reference to the policies and activity of the C. P. O.
Name
Address
City State

Trade Union Notes

by G. F. M.

The last battle in the auto industry has not been fought yet, for the workers have not said their AUTO we must recognize that inter-CRIPPLED vention of President Roosevelt william Green go a long way to cripple unionism in the auto industry.

Despite Green's flat refusal to submit membership lists to the employers, he finally did agree to do so. What is still worse, the whole struggle, directed against company unionism, was given up. The White House statement makes it very clear that "more than one group" will be recognized in any negotiations with the employers. The New York Evening Post comes out with a seven column head "Auto Pact Saves Company Union" and less than twenty four hours after Green hailed the decision as a great victory for labor, he mumbled about resisting the presence of company union representatives during negotiations.

The present severe defeat of the auto workers rests squarely upon the shoulders of the A. F. of L. burocraey.

ourocracy.

The treachery of the burocracy becomes even more vile when we examine the growth of company unions. Green's betrayal, which UNIONS GROW strengthen com-

COMPANY UNIONS GROW

lication)

GROW pany unionism climaxes a period in which company unions have far outstripped the trade unions in growth. The Monthly Labor Review for February 1934 (a United States Department of Labor publication) whose some estilisted brings some striking

facts.

A survey of 3,314 companies with 2,500,000 workers, made in November 1933, shows 45.7% of the workers under individual bargaining arrangements, 45% under company unions and only 9.3% operating under union agreements.

company under union agreements.

An analysis of these figures, by industry, shows that it is primarily in the important industries, in those in which important industries, in those in which important industries, in the workers industries. In the workers industries have shown uninvolved misdakable signs of organization and struggle that the growth of company unions is greatest.

Of 1,100,000 metal workers only 31,000 were under union contract; of 328,000 textile workers, union agreements cover 60,000; in the food industry 13,000 out of 242 000 are in signed union shops; and in the oil industry ta mere 2,000 workers are in union oil fields out of 167,000. The remaining workers, in these industries are operating either under company unions or thru individual bargaining.

These figures challenge the very existence of the trade union movement and cry aloud for militants and progressives everywhere to organize against this menace and against the burceracy which tolerates and strengthers it.

NRA, "the new Magna Charta of American labor", was showered

ates and strengthens it.

NRA, "the new Magna Charta of American labor". was showered with praise by the A. F. of L. burders of American labor". was showered with praise by the A. F. of L. burders of American labor". was showered with praise by the A. F. of L. burders of Company Panken hailed it UNIONS as a step to Socialists like Judge companies with official season of L. burders with "feet Socialists" as David P. Barenberg expected the Government to give official recognition to the trade union movement and concludes "members will virtually beforced upon them" Is it any wonder that thousands of workers suffered such illusions and still home that NRA will set matters right?
The fact of the matter is that it is especially since the introduction of NRA that company unionism has come into full flower. We mote from the American Federationist. March 1934:

"Among 653 companies which reported collective bargaining thru company unions, 223 companies with 365 087 employees report that the alan was introduced before NIRA. 400 companies with 378,141 employees

report the adoption of the plan after NIRA..... "Among 416 companies reporting that they had made collective agreements with unions, 232 with 106,696 employees report that the agreement was entered upon before NIRA. 174 companies with 131,272 employees report the formation of agreements subsequent to NIRA."

ees report the formation of agreements subsequent to NIRA."

President Roosevelt's attitude was made quite clear when he said in the White House Statement: "The government makes it clear that it favors no particular form of employee organization or repressentation." And Senator Wagner in defending his Bill against James A. Emery, general counsel of the National Association of Manufacturers, was forced to state that his dill "does not encourage a national union. It does not even all the second properties of the company unionism is not to be sought for in government circles or among "friendly senators" but is to be found only in the organized power of the trade unions.

Elsewhere in this issue will be found information on the elections in Local 22 IL.G.W.U. There are a few facts, with the fact that the "left" group conducted a violent campaign against Zimmerman, the candidate for manager, it is gratifying to note that many supporters of the left group were not carried away by these diatribes and supported Zimmerman for manager.

The vote of Stamper, the "Left group" candidate gainst Zimmerman gern.

At last thousands of embattled furriers in New York have been rewarded for their notioned by the wisdom of the SOME International TROTER VIST Released WISDOM inter Left Oppo-sition. Caunon himself is the author of



Agnes Smedley, the author of this book is American born. Early in her life she became interested in the movements for freedom; Indian freedom, Irish freedom, Irish freedom, freedom of the oppressed, the toiling masses. As a journalist, her travels have taken her to many parts of the globe. During the last few years, in China, as a writer for Indian and German newspapers, she visited many sections seldom touched by foreigners. Chinese Destinies is the result of these, her latest travels. She is possessed of a keen sense of stark realities. This she shows in the multi-coloured sketches of the lives she reveals to us. Suggesting phases, shades and tones in the lives of these humans, she emphasizes the most vital. Her realistic strokes turn these images to flesh and blood.

The scenes of these stories are the cities, villages of China, her mountains, valleys, plains and rice fields. Pictures of Nanking, moving scenes of Shanghai, chapters on Shangpo and on the Chinese Soviet Republic. The Peasants of Kwangtung, scenes of savagery and "white" reaction, arrests and executions even of those only suspected of "forbidden thoughts." Seenes of heads lying in the gutters and roadways as warnings and reminders to those who dare live up to their convictions. Intermingled with these, are the stories of human kindness among comrades, of their sufferings, their learnings their heroism—stories of human interest!

Agnes Smedley has done justice to both the old and the new China.

the candidate for manager, it is gratifying to note that many supporters of the left group were not carried away by these diatribes and supported Zimmerman for manager.

The vote of Stamper, the "left group" candidate against Zimmerman, is quite significant. His vote was 1,634 less than the highest vote on his ticket and 365 votes less than the lowest vote for any candidate of the "left group". This is the answer of even the supporters of the "left" to the slander campaign against Zimmerman.

The Daily Worker and the Freiheit claim the results to be a great victory for the Party. If 27% of the vote as against 45% one year ago is a victory; if electing no one for any office or committee as against 9 elected one year ago, represents a victory then we hope that such victories be multiplied and come often.

Muste is angry, very angry at the criticisms leveled by us at the criticisms leveled by us at the American Workers Party. (to be

muste is angry, very angry at the criticisms leveled by us at the American Workers Party (to be born). He there fore fires this ARE annihilating in Labor Action of March 15, 1934:

"The trade union policy of the Lovestoneites is a mechanical support of the A. F. of L. (Though not of present policies and leadership) in every instance and a refusal in any case to support independent unionism. . Where the workers want to organize outside that body (A. F. of L.—GFM) we will help them."

This sourds very flexible and also very profound. But what is Muste's nerspective? Will the workers and advise them where to go and how? Or is this one of the tactics that the "revolutionary" storekeener who will nassove the counter what the workers want, either an independent union cr an A. F. of L. union. This may he a good way of catchine unous necting workers or intellectuals who appears at actics, but it certainly is not a trade workers or intellectuals who appears at actics, but it certainly is not a trade workers between the colombackers in New York have been "revolutionary" workers or intellectuals who appears at actics, but it certainly is not a trade workers or intellectuals who appears at actics, but it certainly is not a trade workers been and again to be infantile and the furnism of New York have been "revolutionary varguards" of matted the proposal of the colombackers and again to be infantile and the furnism in New York have been "revolutionary varguards of mental tental the proposal of the colombackers and again to be infantile and the furnism in New York have been "revolutionary" storekeeners or intellectuals who appears at actics, but it certainly is not a trade workers and again to be infantile and the furnism of the proposal of the colombackers and again to be infantile and the furnism of the proposal of the furnism of the proposal of the furnism of the proposal of the furnism of the furnism of the proposal of the furnism of

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